Note: All result statuses are Final unless otherwise noted.

Tests: (1) Bilirubin Direct (82248	1	
Bili Direct	0.10 mg/dL	0 00 0 00
DIII DIICCC	0.10 mg/aL	0.00-0.30
Mosta, (2) I Pindia G		
Tests: (2) Iron Binding Capacity T		
Iron Lvl	116 mcg/dL	49-181
TIBC	284 mcg/dL	261-462
Iron Sat	41 %	20-55
Tests: (3) Ceruloplasmin (82390)		
! Ceruloplasmin [L]	18 mg/dL	20-60
[2]	10 11197 011	20-60
Tests: (4) IgA (82784)		
! IgA	232.0 mg/dL	70.0-400.0
Tests: (5) IgG (8278401)		
! IgG	1220 mg/dL	700-1600
Tests: (6) IgM (8278402)		
! IgM	106.0 mg/dL	40 0 220 0
	100:0 mg/an	40.0-230.0
Tests: (7) Ferritin (82728)		
Ferritin Lvl	247.6	
reflicin DAI	347.6 ng/mL	28.0-365.0
W1 - (0)		
Tests: (8) Complete Blood Count w/	Differential (85025)	
WBC	5.5 k/uL	4.0-10.8
RBC	4.39 million/uL	4.20-5.50
Hgb	14.2 gm/dL	12.5-16.5
Hct	40.5 %	
MCV	92.3 FL	37.5-49.5
MCH [H]		81.0-100.0
MCHC		27.0-31.0
RDW	35.1 gm/dL	31.0-36.0
	11.7 %	11.5-15.5
Platelet	177 k/uL	145-400
MPV	10.1 FL	7.5-10.4
NRBC auto	0 /100 wbcs	0-2
NRBC Abs	0.0 k/uL	0.0-0.1
Neutro %	51.7 %	43.0-75.0
Neutro Absolute	2.8 k/uL	
! Imm Gran % [H]		1.7-8.1
! Imm Gran Absolute		0.1-0.3
Lymph %	0.02 k/uL	0.01-0.03
	35.7 %	15.0-45.0
Lymph Absolute	2.0 k/uL	0.6-4.9
Mono %	9.3 %	3.0-12.0
	0.5 k/uL	0.1-1.3
Eos %	2.9 %	0.0-6.0
Eosinophil Abs	0.2 k/uL	
	11/ UL	0.0-0.7

Basophil % 0.0 % 0.0-2.0 Basophil Abs 0.0 k/uL 0.0-0.2

Tests: (9) Hepatitis B Surface Ag Cntr (8734001)
HBsAg Non-Reactive

Non-Reactive-

Tests: (10) Smooth Muscle Antibody-Mayo (8625501RF) ! SMA Screen-Mayo SEE COMMENTS

Test Result Flag Unit RefValue
-----Anti-Smooth Muscle Negative Negative

Test Performed by:
Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Main Campus
200 First Street SW, Rochester, MN 55905
Laboratory Director: Franklin R. Cockerill, III, M.D.

Tests: (11) Mitochondrial Antibody, M2-Mayo (8351625RF) ! AMA Ab Screen-Mayo SEE COMMENTS

Test Result Flag Unit RefValue
----Mitochondrial Ab, <0.1 U
M2, S
-- REFERENCE VALUE -<0.1 (Negative)

Test Performed by:
Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Main Campus
200 First Street SW, Rochester, MN 55905
Laboratory Director: Franklin R. Cockerill, III, M.D.

Tests: (12) Hepatitis B Core Ab Total Cntr (8670403)
HBC Total Non-Reactive

Non-Reactive-

Tests: (13) Hepatitis A Ab Total Cntr (8670802)
HAV Total Non-Reactive

Non-Reactive-

Tests: (14) PT and INR (85610)

PT 13.7 sec 11.8-14.5 INR 1.1 0.8-1.2

Tests: (15) PTT (85730) PTT

PTT 34.0 sec 23.4-36.2

Tests: (16) Alpha-1-Antitrypsin Phenotype QST (8210401RF)! A-1-A Phenotype QST See Comment

ALPHA-1-ANTITRYPSIN (AAT) PHENOTYPE

-----TESTS-----RESULTS-----UNITS-REF. RANGE--- A-1-Antitrypsin Phenotype SEE NOTE

A-1-Antitrypsin Phenotype SEE NOTE THIS PATIENT'S ALPHA-1-ANTITRYPSIN PHENOTYPE IS PI*MM.

137-145

3.5 - 5.1

0.66 - 1.50

98-107

22-30

5-15

90% of normal individuals have the MM phenotype, with normal quantitative AAT levels. Many phenotypic patterns have been described, including deficiency states with F, S, Z, or other alleles. As a general estimation, compared to M allele of 100% of normal A-1-Antitrypsin protein, the S allele produces approximately 60% and the Z allele 20%. For example, an MS phenotype would have about 80% of normal A-1-Antitrypsin protein level, a 50% contribution from the M allele and 30% from the S allele. A ZZ phenotype would have about 20% of normal levels. The F allele has normal A-1-Antitrypsin levels, but the kinetics of elastase inhibition is not as efficient as an M allele product; F alleles should be considered functionally mildly deficient. RESULTS RECEIVED 06/05/14 Reference lab accession: 18082632

Test performed by: Quest Diagnostics Nichols Institute 33608 Ortega Hwy San Juan Capistrano, CA 92675 Phone: 800-553-5445

Director: Jon M. Nakamoto, M.D.

Test Reported by Quest, Chantilly, Quest Diagnostics Nichols Institute, 14225 Newbrook Drive, Chantilly, VA 20151

Tests: (17) Tissue Transglutaminase Antibody IgA-May (8351626RF) ! TTG IgA-Mayo SEE COMMENTS

Result Flag Unit RefValue -----<1.2 U/mL Transglutaminase Ab, IgA, S -- REFERENCE VALUE --

<4.0 (Negative)

Test Performed by: Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Main Campus 200 First Street SW, Rochester, MN 55905 Laboratory Director: Franklin R. Cockerill, III, M.D.

Tests: (18) Comprehensive Metabolic Panel (80053) Sodium Lvl 138 mmol/L Potassium Lvl 4.1 mmol/L

Chloride. 106 mmol/L CO2 25 mmol/L **AGAP** 7 mmol/L Creatinine

0.78 mg/dL

Albumin Lvl	4.1 gm/dL	3.5-5.0	
Globulin	3.1 gm/dL	1.3-4.7	
A/G Ratio	1.3	1.0-3.8	
Glucose Lvl Random	94 mg/dL	65-140	
Random Glucose Level cannot	be used for diagnosis	of diabetes. Glucose	
target in the hospitalized pati	ent is 80-110 before m	is 80-110 before meals and no more than 180	
at other times.			
BUN	13 mg/dL	9-20	
Bili Total	0.6 mg/dL	0.2-1.3	
Calcium Lvl	9.5 mg/dL	8.4-10.2	
Alk Phos	55 unit/L	38-126	
Total Protein	7.2 gm/dL	6.3-8.2	
AST	28 unit/L	3-34	
ALT [H] 54 unit/L	15-41	

Tests: (19) Hereditary Hemochromatosis QST (02004EXRF)! Hemochromatosis QST See Comment

DNA MUTATION ANALYSIS

RESULT: HOMOZYGOUS FOR THE H63D MUTATION

INTERPRETATION: DNA testing indicates that this individual is positive for two copies of the H63D mutation in the HFE gene. This individual is negative for the C282Y mutation. Only 1% of individuals with a biochemical diagnosis of hereditary hemochromatosis (HH) have this genotype. This result is consistent with a diagnosis of HH for an individual with clinical evidence of HH. However, this genotype does not predict a diagnosis of HH in an asymptomatic individual, as less than 2% of individuals with this genotype will develop symptoms or clinical evidence of this disorder. Consider genetic counseling and DNA testing for at-risk family members.

W. Christine Spence, Ph.D., FACMG Director, Molecular Genetics

Hereditary hemochromatosis (HH) is an autosomal recessive disorder of iron metabolism that results in iron overload and potential organ failure. It is one of the most common genetic disorders in individuals of European-Caucasian ancestry, with an estimated carrier frequency of 10%. HH is caused by mutations in the HFE gene. Most individuals with HH (60-90%) are homozygous for the C282Y mutation. A smaller percentage of affected individuals are either compound heterozygous for the C282Y and H63D mutations (3%-8%), or homozygous for the H63D mutation (approximately 1%).

This assay detects the two mutations in the HFE gene, C282Y (NM_000410.2: c.845G>A) and H63D (NM_000410.2: c. 187C>G), that are commonly associated with HH. The mutations are detected by multiplex-polymerase chain reaction (PCR) amplification, followed by digestion of the amplification products with the restriction enzymes

Rsal and NlaIII, for the detection of the C282Y and H63D mutations respectively. Fluorescent-labeled restriction fragments are detected by capillary electrophoresis.

This assay does not detect other mutations in the HFE gene that can cause HH. Since genetic variation and other factors can affect the accuracy of direct mutation testing, these results should be interpreted in light of clinical and familial data.

For assistance with interpretation of these results, please contact your local Quest Diagnostics genetic counselor or call 1-866-GENEINFO (436-3463).

This test was developed and its performance characteristics have been determined by Quest Diagnostics Nichols Institute, Chantilly, VA. Performance characteristics refer to the analytical performance of the test.

For more information on this test, go to http://education.questdiagnostics.com/faq/hemochromatos

Test Performed by Quest, Chantilly, Quest Diagnostics Nichols Institute, 14225 Newbrook Drive, Chantilly, VA 20151 Kenneth Sisco, M.D., Ph.D., Director of Laboratories (703) 802-6900, CLIA 49D0221801

Tests: (20) .GFR (00783NB)

GFR African American >60 mL/min/1.73 m2

Below 60 mL/min/1.73m2 - the prevalance of complications of CKD increases. GFR declines with age.

Calculation in use for the GFR result is the MDRD (Modification of Diet in Renal Disease) equation from the National Kidney Foundation. GFR Non African American

>60 mL/min/1.73 m2

Below 60 mL/min/1.73m2 - the prevalance of complications of CKD increases. GFR declines with age.

Calculation in use for the GFR result is the MDRD (Modification of Diet in Renal Disease) equation from the National Kidney Foundation.

Note: An exclamation mark (!) indicates a result that was not dispersed into

Document Creation Date: 06/06/2014 8:09 AM

⁽¹⁾ Order result status: Final Collection or observation date-time: 06/03/2014 12:05:00 Requested date-time: 06/03/2014 12:05:00 Receipt date-time: 06/03/2014 12:40:00 Reported date-time: 06/03/2014 13:06:21

Referring Physician: Ordering Physician: Rohit Satoskar (RSS8) Specimen Source: Source: Millennium Filler Order Number: 2012845569 Lab site: Producer ID *61:QUEST CONTRIBUTOR SYSTEM (20) Order result status: Corrected Collection or observation date-time: 06/03/2014 12:05:00 Requested date-time: 06/03/2014 12:05:00 Receipt date-time: 06/03/2014 12:40:00 Reported date-time: 06/03/2014 13:06:32 Referring Physician: Ordering Physician: Rohit Satoskar (RSS8) Specimen Source: Source: Millennium Filler Order Number: 2013027212

Reported date-time: 06/05/2014 20:52:00

Producer ID *62:SYSTEM SYSTEM SYSTEM Producer ID *63:SYSTEM SYSTEM SYSTEM

with no units conversion:

The following lab values were dispersed to the flowsheet

RBC, 4.39 MILLION/UL, (F) expected units: 10*6/mm3 MCHC, 35.1 GM/DL, (F) expected units: % Alk Phos, 55 UNIT/L, (F) expected units: U/L AST, 28 UNIT/L, (F) expected units: U/L ALT, 54 UNIT/L, (F) expected units: U/L

The following non-numeric lab results were dispersed to the flowsheet even though numeric results were expected:

GFR African American, >60 GFR Non African American, >60

Lab site:

The following results were not dispersed to the flowsheet:

Ceruloplasmin, 18 mg/dL, (F)
IgA, 232.0 mg/dL, (F)
IgG, 1220 mg/dL, (F)
IgM, 106.0 mg/dL, (F)
Imm Gran %, 0.4 %, (F)
Imm Gran Absolute, 0.02 k/uL, (F)
SMA Screen-Mayo, SEE COMMENTS, (F)
AMA Ab Screen-Mayo, SEE COMMENTS, (F)

Medstar Georgetown Transplant Institute - Liver & Hepatology Program Page 12 3800 Reservoir Road, NW 2nd Floor, Main Building Washington, DC 20007 June 12, 2014 Chart Document

A-1-A Phenotype QST, See Comment, (F) TTG IgA-Mayo, SEE COMMENTS, (F) Hemochromatosis QST, See Comment, (F)

Electronically Signed by Adam C Deising MD on 06/09/2014 at 3:26 PM